Screen Up

TALK TO YOUR PROVIDER TODAY ABOUT YOUR SCREENING OPTIONS.

LSU Health NEW ORLEANS School of Public Health

SOME PEOPLE ARE MORE LIKELY TO GET COLORECTAL CANCER:

ARE YOU AT HIGHER RISK?

01

AFRICAN-AMERICAN MEN ARE AT HIGHERRISK

- Colorectal cancer affects African-American men more often
- African-American men are more likely to die from this cancer
- Lower screening rates lead to later diagnosis
- Screening can find cancer early or prevent it altogether





02

FAMILY HISTORY INCREASES YOUR RISK

- Colorectal cancer can run in families
- Your risk is higher if a parent, sibling, or child had this cancer
- Risk is even higher if they were diagnosed before age 50
- Asking family members about their health history can save your life

03

IT'S NOT TOO EARLY TO KNOW YOUR COLORECTAL CANCER RISK

- Most adults should start screening at age 45
- You may need screening earlier if you have higher risk
- Higher risk includes family history, polyps, or bowel disease
- Talk to your doctor to find out when you should be screened

